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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/690,002	10/16/2000	Scott C. Harris	SPAM/SCH	2977	
23844	7590 12/01/2003	•	EXAMI	EXAMINER	
SCOTT C HARRIS			PHAN, TAM T		
P O BOX 927 SAN DIEGO	7649 CA 92192		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
	,		2142		
		·	DATE MAILED: 12/01/2003	,	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	/
	09/690,002	HARRIS, SCOTT C.	(
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Tam (Jenny) Phan	2142	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory properties of the second status of the second secon	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a in. a reply within the statutory minimum of thi eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOi statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rly (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communicatio BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	n.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	13 February 2001.		
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☒ 3	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und			s
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the applica	ation.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) 17-20 is/are with	ndrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-16,21 and 22</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	ind/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 16 October 2000 is	s/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ o	objected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to	- · ·		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the \propto	•	• • •	d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ne Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur	ments have been received.		
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bo * See the attached detailed Office action for a 	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). a list of the certified copies no	received.	
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78.	ne first sentence of the specific	cation or in an Application Data Sh	ion) eet.
 a) The translation of the foreign language 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dor reference was included in the first sentence 	nestic priority under 35 U.S.C	§§ 120 and/or 121 since a specifi	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No.	8) 5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following invention is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - 1. Claims 1-16 and 21-22 are drawn to e-mail filtering and classified in class 709, subclass 206.
 - II. Claims 17-20 are drawn to user monitoring and classified in class 709, subclass 224.
- 2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: Inventions I and II are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct from each other if they are shown to be separately usable. In the instant case, invention I has separate utility, usable alone, such as the ability to filter unwanted e-mail message. Invention II has separate utility, usable alone, such as the ability to monitor user's action. See MPEP § 806.05(d)
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, and the search required for Group II is not required for Group I, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with Mr. Harris Scott (32030) on 11/12/2003, a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-16 and 21-22. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in

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replying to this Office action. Claims 17-20 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

5. Examiner is appreciative of the courtesy shown by Applicant in discussions of this restriction requirement.

Priority

- 6. This application claims benefit of the provisional application 60/203,729 (05/12/2000).
- 7. The effective filing date for the subject matter defined in the pending claims, which has support in parent 60/203,729 in this application is 05/12/2000. Any new subject mater defined in the claims not previously disclosed in parent 60/203,729, is entitled to the effective filing date of 10/16/2000.

Information Disclosure Statement

- 8. The information disclosure statement (IDS) filed 02/13/2001 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. The Non Patent Literature reference cited on IDS (Paper #2, received 02/13/2001 is not present in the application, and thus, could not be considered.
- All other references, which were listed, are indicated on the initialed and dated copy of Applicant's IDS form 1449.

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Drawings

10. This application has been filed with informal drawings, which are acceptable for examination purposes only. Formal drawings will be required when the application is allowed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

11. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 12. Claim 1, 14-16, and 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Paul (U.S. Patent Number 5,999,932).
- 13. Regarding claim 1, Paul disclosed a method comprising: receiving an electronic mail message (Abstract, Figures 4, 4A & 6, column 10 line 24); displaying information about the electronic mail message in a way that allows at least one of deleting the message without indicating whether it is spam or not [second display code "NEW"] (Abstract, column 10 lines 41-43), deleting the message while indicating that it is spam [third display code "JUNK") (Abstract, column 10 lines 47-48), or deleting the message while indicating that it is not spam [first display code "OK"] (Abstract, column 10 lines 31-32).
- 14. Regarding claims 14-16, the e-mail program corresponds directly to the limitations of claim 1, and thus is rejected using the same rationale.

- 15. Regarding claim 21, Paul disclosed a method, comprising determining a plurality of characteristics of an unwanted message (Figure 5, column 3 lines 54-65, column 56-67); forming a list with said plurality of characteristics (column 4 lines 34-40); forming score [first, second, and third display codes] of an incoming message by comparing said incoming message with said list and determining commonalities between said incoming message and said list (Abstract, Figure 6, column 2 lines 20-48); defining said message as likely being unwanted if said score is within a predetermined range (Abstract, column 9 lines 8-19); and taking an action to restrict said message based on said defining (Abstract, Figure 4A & 6, column 9 lines 1-7).
- 16. Regarding claim 22, Paul disclosed a method further comprising assessing a common-ness of a domain a sender of a message, and using said common-ness of said domain (column 11 lines 21-23, column 12 lines 54-61).
- 17. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by Paul, claims 1, 14-16, and 21-22 are rejected.
- 18. Claims 8-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by McCormick et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,421,709), hereinafter referred to as McCormick.
- 19. Regarding claim 8, McCormick disclosed a method of determining whether an e-mail represents unwanted information, comprising forming rules indicative of contents of the e-mail (column 4 lines 60-65, column 5 lines 16-21), said rules including at least information about a sender of the e-mail message and information

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about at least one other fields within the e-mail message other then said sender or a recipient of the e-mail message (column 6 lines 41-50, column 8 lines 58-65).

- 20. Regarding claim 9, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said at least one other field comprises information in text of the e-mail message (column 8 lines 58-65).
- 21. Regarding claim 10, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said at least one other field comprises information within a subject of the e-mail message (column 6 lines 41-50).
- 22. Regarding claim 11, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said at least one other field comprises information about links of said e-mail message [advertisement links] (column 6 lines 41-46, column 8 lines 58-65).
- 23. Regarding claim 12, McCormick disclosed a method further comprising comparing an incoming message to said rules and determining a likelihood that the incoming message is unwanted based on said comparing (column 4 lines 60-65, column 6 lines 41-50, column 14 lines 1-9).
- 24. Regarding claim 13, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said comparing comprises comparing each of the plurality of fields with rules indicative of said fields and determining a likelihood that the message is unwanted based on said comparing (column 4 lines 60-65, column 6 lines 41-50, column 14 lines 1-9).
- 25. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by McCormick claims 8-13 are rejected.

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- 26. Claims 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nielsen (U.S. Patent Number 6,453,327).
- 27. Regarding clam 14, Nielsen disclosed an email program, comprising a display portion which is display a plurality of e-mails (Figure 4a, column 8 lines 14-43); a plurality of controls including at least a first control which selects deleting an e-mail while indicating that said e-mail is spam, and a second control which selects deleting an e-mail while indicating that said e-mail is not spam (Figure 4b, column 8 lines 14-43).
- 28. Regarding claim 16, Nielsen disclosed a program further comprising displaying a control which allows deleting an e-mail without indicating or not indicating whether said e-mail represent spam (Figure 4b, column 8 lines 14-43).
- 29. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by Nielsen claims 14 and 16 are rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 30. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 31. Claims 2-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paul (U.S. Patent Number 5,999,932) as applied above in view of McCormick et al. (U.S. Patent Number 6,421,709), hereinafter referred to as McCormick.



- 32. Paul disclosed a method comprising: receiving an electronic mail message (Abstract, Figures 4, 4A & 6, column 10 line 24); displaying information about the electronic mail message in a way that allows at least one of deleting the message without indicating whether it is spam or not [second display code "NEW"] (Abstract, column 10 lines 41-43), deleting the message while indicating that it is spam [third display code "JUNK") (Abstract, column 10 lines 47-48), or deleting the message while indicating that it is not spam [first display code "OK"] (Abstract, column 10 lines 31-32).
- 33. Regarding claim 2, Paul did not expressly disclose a method further comprising storing a database of spam likelihood, and wherein said deleting while indicating updates information in the database. Paul suggested exploration of art and/or provided a reason to modify storing "not spam likelihood" database with storing "spam likelihood" database (Figure 6 sign 650, column 9 lines 56-67, column 10 lines 1-11). McCormick disclosed a method further comprising storing a database of spam likelihood, and wherein said deleting while indicating updates information in the database (Figure 10, column 2 lines 62-67, column 5 lines 16-28).
- 34. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the method of Paul with the teachings of McCormick to include storing a database of spam likelihood in order to offer a more efficient filtering technique since an incoming e-mail whole addresses are included in the spam database would be immediately discarded [processed] (McCormick, column 2 lines 55-57).

- 35. Regarding claim 3, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said deleting while indicating update rules in a rules database (column 2 lines 62-67, column 5 lines 16-21, column 8 lines 48-52).
- 36. Regarding claim 4, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said rules include information about fields from said electronic mail message (column 4 lines 60-65).
- 37. Regarding claim 5, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said fields include at least a sender of the e-mail message, text, of the e-mail message, and a subject of the e-mail message (Figure 2, column 4 lines 60-65).
- 38. Regarding claim 6, Paul disclosed a method wherein said fields also include a domain of a sender of the e-mail message (column 9 lines 38-45, lines 56-67, column 11 lines 21-23).
- 39. Regarding claim 7, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said fields include links within the e-mail message [advertisement links] (column 6 lines 41-46, column 8 lines 58-65).
- 40. Regarding claim 8, McCormick disclosed a method of determining whether an e-mail represents unwanted information, comprising forming rules indicative of contents of the e-mail (column 4 lines 60-65, column 5 lines 16-21), said rules including at least information about a sender of the e-mail message and information about at least one other fields within the e-mail message other then said sender or a recipient of the e-mail message (column 6 lines 41-50, column 8 lines 58-65).

- 41. Regarding claim 9, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said at least one other field comprises information in text of the e-mail message (column 8 lines 58-65).
- 42. Regarding claim 10, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said at least one other field comprises information within a subject of the e-mail message (column 6 lines 41-50).
- 43. Regarding claim 11, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said at least one other field comprises information about links of said e-mail message [advertisement links] (column 6 lines 41-46, column 8 lines 58-65).
- 44. Regarding claim 12, McCormick disclosed a method further comprising comparing an incoming message to said rules and determining a likelihood that the incoming message is unwanted based on said comparing (column 4 lines 60-65, column 6 lines 41-50, column 14 lines 1-9).
- 45. Regarding claim 13, McCormick disclosed a method wherein said comparing comprises comparing each of the plurality of fields with rules indicative of said fields and determining a likelihood that the message is unwanted based on said comparing (column 4 lines 60-65, column 6 lines 41-50, column 14 lines 1-9).
- 46. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by the combination of Paul and McCormick, claims 2-13 are rejected.

- 47. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nielsen (U.S. Patent Number 6,453,327) as applied above in view of Leeds (U.S. Patent Number 6,393,465).
- 48. Nielsen disclosed an email program, comprising a display portion which is display a plurality of e-mails (Figure 4a, column 8 lines 14-43); a plurality of controls including at least a first control which selects deleting an e-mail while indicating that said e-mail is spam, and a second control which selects deleting an e-mail while indicating that said e-mail is not spam (Figure 4b, column 8 lines 14-43).
- 49. Regarding claim 15, Nielsen did not disclose a program further comprising displaying a likelihood of spam coefficient which indicates, on a weighted scale, a likelihood that the associated message represents spam. However, Leeds disclosed a program further comprising displaying a likelihood of spam coefficient which indicates, on a weighted scale, a likelihood that the associated message represents spam [confidence rating scale from 0-100%, with 100% being the rating given to a message considered to be junk e-mail or spam] (column 2 lines 26-37, column 6 lines 49-66).
- 50. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the e-mail program of Nielsen with the teachings of Leeds to display the likelihood of spam coefficient in order to help users quickly filter their messages since the user would be able to have the message automatically discarded or have the message marked as potentially junk (Leeds, column 7 lines 18-27).

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51. Since all the limitations of the claimed invention were disclosed by the combination of Nielsen and Leeds, claim 15 is rejected.

Conclusion

52. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Refer to the enclosed PTO-892 for details.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tam (Jenny) Phan whose telephone number is (703) 305-4665. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wiley can be reached on 703-308-5221. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

MARC D. THOMPSON

MRC DIOUPSON PRIMARY EXAMINER

> Marc Thompson Primary Examiner Art Unit 2142 703-308-6750

tp November 24, 2003